GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF NORTH CAROLINA **SESSION 2013**

SESSION LAW 2013-24 SENATE BILL 33

AN ACT TO REQUIRE THAT OCCUPATIONAL LICENSING BOARDS CONSIDER CERTAIN FACTORS BEFORE DENYING LICENSES TO APPLICANTS WITH CRIMINAL RECORDS. AS RECOMMENDED BY THE JOINT LEGISLATIVE ADMINISTRATIVE PROCEDURE OVERSIGHT COMMITTEE.

The General Assembly of North Carolina enacts:

SECTION 1. Chapter 93B of the General Statutes is amended by adding a new section to read:

"§ 93B-8.1. Use of criminal history records.

- The following definitions apply in this section: (a)
 - Applicant. A person who makes application for licensure from an occupational licensing board.
 - Board. An occupational licensing board as defined in G.S. 93B-1.
 - (2) (3) Criminal history record. – A State or federal history of conviction of a crime, whether a misdemeanor or felony, that bears upon an applicant's or a licensee's fitness to be licensed or disciplined.
 - <u>(4)</u> Licensee. – A person who has obtained a license to engage in or represent himself or herself to be a member of a particular profession or occupation.
- Unless the law governing a particular occupational licensing board provides otherwise, a board shall not automatically deny licensure on the basis of an applicant's criminal history. If the board is authorized to deny a license to an applicant on the basis of conviction of any crime or for commission of a crime involving fraud or moral turpitude, and the applicant's verified criminal history record reveals one or more convictions of any crime, the board may deny the license if it finds that denial is warranted after consideration of the following factors:
 - The level and seriousness of the crime.
 - <u>(2)</u> The date of the crime.
 - (3) The age of the person at the time of the crime.
 - (4) The circumstances surrounding the commission of the crime, if known.
 - The nexus between the criminal conduct and the prospective duties of the (5) applicant as a licensee.
 - (6) The prison, jail, probation, parole, rehabilitation, and employment records of the applicant since the date the crime was committed.
 - The subsequent commission of a crime by the applicant. (7)
 - Any affidavits or other written documents, including character references. (8)
- The board may deny licensure to an applicant who refuses to consent to a criminal history record check or use of fingerprints or other identifying information required by the State or National Repositories of Criminal Histories.
- This section does not apply to The North Carolina Criminal Justice Education and Training Standards Commission and the North Carolina Sheriffs' Education and Training Standards Commission."



SECTION 2. This act becomes effective July 1, 2013, and applies to applications for licensure submitted on or after that date.

In the General Assembly read three times and ratified this the 3rd day of April, 2013.

- s/ Daniel J. Forest President of the Senate
- s/ Thom Tillis Speaker of the House of Representatives
- s/ Pat McCrory Governor

Approved 4:42 p.m. this 9th day of April, 2013

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